S. 263

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 27, 2005

Referred to the Committee on Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

AN ACT

To provide for the protection of paleontological resources on Federal lands, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Paleontological Re-
- 5 sources Preservation Act".

SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

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2	As	used	ın	this	Act:

- (1) CASUAL COLLECTING.—The term "casual collecting" means the collecting of a reasonable amount of common invertebrate and plant paleon-tological resources for non-commercial personal use, either by surface collection or the use of non-powered hand tools resulting in only negligible disturbance to the Earth's surface and other resources. As used in this paragraph, the terms "reasonable amount", "common invertebrate and plant paleon-tological resources" and "negligible disturbance" shall be determined by the Secretary.
- (2) SECRETARY.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior with respect to lands controlled or administered by the Secretary of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture with respect to National Forest System Lands controlled or administered by the Secretary of Agriculture.
- (3) Federal Lands.—The term "Federal lands" means—
- 22 (A) lands controlled or administered by the 23 Secretary of the Interior, except Indian lands; 24 or

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1	(B) National Forest System lands con-
2	trolled or administered by the Secretary of Ag-
3	riculture.
4	(4) Indian Lands.—The term "Indian Land"
5	means lands of Indian tribes, or Indian individuals
6	which are either held in trust by the United States
7	or subject to a restriction against alienation imposed
8	by the United States.
9	(5) STATE.—The term "State" means the fifty
10	States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth
11	of Puerto Rico, and any other territory or possession
12	of the United States.
13	(6) Paleontological resource.—The term
14	"paleontological resource" means any fossilized re-
15	mains, traces, or imprints of organisms, preserved in
16	or on the earth's crust, that are of paleontological
17	interest and that provide information about the his-
18	tory of life on earth, except that the term does not
19	include—
20	(A) any materials associated with an ar-
21	chaeological resource (as defined in section 3(1)
2.2.	of the Archaeological Resources Protection Act

of 1979 (16 U.S.C. 470bb(1)); or

2 of the Native American Graves Protection
and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001)).
SEC. 3. MANAGEMENT.
(a) In General.—The Secretary shall manage and
protect paleontological resources on Federal lands using
scientific principles and expertise. The Secretary shall de-
velop appropriate plans for inventory, monitoring, and the
scientific and educational use of paleontological resources,
in accordance with applicable agency laws, regulations,
and policies. These plans shall emphasize interagency co-
ordination and collaborative efforts where possible with
non-Federal partners, the scientific community, and the
general public.
(b) COORDINATION.—To the extent possible, the Sec-
retary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture
shall coordinate in the implementation of this Act.
SEC. 4. PUBLIC AWARENESS AND EDUCATION PROGRAM.
The Secretary shall establish a program to increase
public awareness about the significance of paleontological
resources.
SEC. 5. COLLECTION OF PALEONTOLOGICAL RESOURCES.
(a) Permit Requirement.—
(1) In general.—Except as provided in this
Act, a paleontological resource may not be collected

- from Federal lands without a permit issued under this Act by the Secretary.
- 3 (2) CASUAL COLLECTING EXCEPTION.—The
 4 Secretary may allow casual collecting without a per5 mit on Federal lands controlled or administered by
 6 the Bureau of Land Management, the Bureau of
 7 Reclamation, and the Forest Service, where such col8 lection is consistent with the laws governing the
 9 management of those Federal lands and this Act.
- 10 (3) Previous Permit exception.—Nothing in 11 this section shall affect a valid permit issued prior 12 to the date of enactment of this Act.
- 13 (b) Criteria for Issuance of a Permit.—The 14 Secretary may issue a permit for the collection of a paleon-15 tological resource pursuant to an application if the Sec-16 retary determines that—
- 17 (1) the applicant is qualified to carry out the 18 permitted activity;
- 19 (2) the permitted activity is undertaken for the 20 purpose of furthering paleontological knowledge or 21 for public education;
- 22 (3) the permitted activity is consistent with any 23 management plan applicable to the Federal lands 24 concerned; and

1	(4) the proposed methods of collecting will not
2	threaten significant natural or cultural resources.
3	(c) Permit Specifications.—A permit for the col-
4	lection of a paleontological resource issued under this sec-
5	tion shall contain such terms and conditions as the Sec-
6	retary deems necessary to carry out the purposes of this
7	Act. Every permit shall include requirements that—
8	(1) the paleontological resource that is collected
9	from Federal lands under the permit will remain the
10	property of the United States;
11	(2) the paleontological resource and copies of
12	associated records will be preserved for the public in
13	an approved repository, to be made available for sci-
14	entific research and public education; and
15	(3) specific locality data will not be released by
16	the permittee or repository without the written per-
17	mission of the Secretary.
18	(d) Modification, Suspension, and Revocation
19	of Permits.—
20	(1) The Secretary may modify, suspend, or re-
21	voke a permit issued under this section—
22	(A) for resource, safety, or other manage-
23	ment considerations; or

1	(B) when there is a violation of term or
2	condition of a permit issued pursuant to this
3	section.
4	(2) The permit shall be revoked if any person
5	working under the authority of the permit is con-
6	victed under section 7 or is assessed a civil penalty
7	under section 8.
8	(e) Area Closures.—In order to protect paleon-
9	tological or other resources and to provide for public safe-
10	ty, the Secretary may restrict access to or close areas
11	under the Secretary's jurisdiction to the collection of pale-
12	ontological resources.
13	SEC. 6. CURATION OF RESOURCES.
14	Any paleontological resource, and any data and
15	records associated with the resource, collected under a per-
16	mit, shall be deposited in an approved repository. The Sec-
17	retary may enter into agreements with non-Federal reposi-
18	tories regarding the curation of these resources, data, and
19	records.
20	SEC. 7. PROHIBITED ACTS; CRIMINAL PENALTIES.
21	(a) In General.—A person may not—
22	(1) excavate, remove, damage, or otherwise
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23	alter or deface or attempt to excavate, remove, dam-

- resources located on Federal lands unless such activity is conducted in accordance with this Act;
- (2) exchange, transport, export, receive, or offer to exchange, transport, export, or receive any pale-ontological resource if, in the exercise of due care, the person knew or should have known such resource to have been excavated or removed from Federal lands in violation of any provisions, rule, regulation, law, ordinance, or permit in effect under Federal law, including this Act; or
- 11 (3) sell or purchase or offer to sell or purchase 12 any paleontological resource if, in the exercise of due 13 care, the person knew or should have known such re-14 source to have been excavated, removed, sold, pur-15 chased, exchanged, transported, or received from 16 Federal lands.
- 17 (b) False Labeling Offenses.—A person may not
 18 make or submit any false record, account, or label for,
 19 or any false identification of, any paleontological resource
 20 excavated or removed from Federal lands.
- 21 (c) Penalties.—A person who knowingly violates or 22 counsels, procures, solicits, or employs another person to 23 violate subsection (a) or (b) shall, upon conviction, be 24 fined in accordance with title 18, United States Code, or 25 imprisoned not more than 10 years, or both; but if the

- 1 sum of the commercial and paleontological value of the
- 2 paleontological resources involved and the cost of restora-
- 3 tion and repair of such resources does not exceed \$500,
- 4 such person shall be fined in accordance with title 18,
- 5 United States Code, or imprisoned not more than one
- 6 year, or both.
- 7 (d) General Exception.—Nothing in subsection
- 8 (a) shall apply to any person with respect to any paleon-
- 9 tological resource which was in the lawful possession of
- 10 such person prior to the date of the enactment of this Act.

11 SEC. 8. CIVIL PENALTIES.

- 12 (a) IN GENERAL.—
- 13 (1) Hearing.—A person who violates any pro-
- 14 hibition contained in an applicable regulation or per-
- mit issued under this Act may be assessed a penalty
- by the Secretary after the person is given notice and
- opportunity for a hearing with respect to the viola-
- 18 tion. Each violation shall be considered a separate
- offense for purposes of this section.
- 20 (2) Amount of Penalty.—The amount of
- such penalty assessed under paragraph (1) shall be
- determined under regulations promulgated pursuant
- 23 to this Act, taking into account the following factors:

1	(A) The scientific or fair market value,
2	whichever is greater, of the paleontological re-
3	source involved, as determined by the Secretary.
4	(B) The cost of response, restoration, and
5	repair of the resource and the paleontological
6	site involved.
7	(C) Any other factors considered relevant
8	by the Secretary assessing the penalty.
9	(3) Multiple offenses.—In the case of a
10	second or subsequent violation by the same person,
11	the amount of a penalty assessed under paragraph
12	(2) may be doubled.
13	(4) Limitation.—The amount of any penalty
14	assessed under this subsection for any one violation
15	shall not exceed an amount equal to double the cost
16	of response, restoration, and repair of resources and
17	paleontological site damage plus double the scientific
18	or fair market value of resources destroyed or not
19	recovered.
20	(b) Petition for Judicial Review; Collection
21	of Unpaid Assessments.—
22	(1) Judicial Review.—Any person against
23	whom an order is issued assessing a penalty under
24	subsection (a) may file a petition for judicial review

of the order in the United States District Court for

the District of Columbia or in the district in which the violation is alleged to have occurred within the 30-day period beginning on the date the order making the assessment was issued. Upon notice of such filing, the Secretary shall promptly file such a certified copy of the record on which the order was issued. The court shall hear the action on the record made before the Secretary and shall sustain the action if it is supported by substantial evidence on the record considered as a whole.

- (2) Failure to pay.—If any person fails to pay a penalty under this section within 30 days—
 - (A) after the order making assessment has become final and the person has not filed a petition for judicial review of the order in accordance with paragraph (1); or
 - (B) after a court in an action brought in paragraph (1) has entered a final judgment upholding the assessment of the penalty, the Secretary may request the Attorney General to institute a civil action in a district court of the United States for any district in which the person if found, resides, or transacts business, to collect the penalty (plus interest at currently prevailing rates from the date of the final order

1 or the date of the final judgment, as the case 2 may be). The district court shall have jurisdic-3 tion to hear and decide any such action. In 4 such action, the validity, amount, and appropriateness of such penalty shall not be subject 6 to review. Any person who fails to pay on a 7 timely basis the amount of an assessment of a 8 civil penalty as described in the first sentence of 9 this paragraph shall be required to pay, in addi-10 tion to such amount and interest, attorneys fees 11 and costs for collection proceedings.

- 12 (c) Hearings held during proceedings 13 instituted under subsection (a) shall be conducted in ac-14 cordance with section 554 of title 5, United States Code.
- 15 (d) USE OF RECOVERED AMOUNTS.—Penalties col-16 lected under this section shall be available to the Secretary 17 and without further appropriation may be used only as 18 follows:
- 19 (1) To protect, restore, or repair the paleon-20 tological resources and sites which were the subject 21 of the action, or to acquire sites with equivalent re-22 sources, and to protect, monitor, and study the re-23 sources and sites. Any acquisition shall be subject to 24 any limitations contained in the organic legislation 25 for such Federal lands.

- 1 (2) To provide educational materials to the 2 public about paleontological resources and sites.
- 3 (3) To provide for the payment of rewards as 4 provided in section 9.

5 SEC. 9. REWARDS AND FORFEITURE.

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- 6 (a) REWARDS.—The Secretary may pay from pen-7 alties collected under section 7 or 8—
- 8 (1) consistent with amounts established in regu9 lations by the Secretary; or
 - (2) if no such regulation exists, an amount equal to the lesser of one-half of the penalty or \$500, to any person who furnishes information which leads to the finding of a civil violation, or the conviction of criminal violation, with respect to which the penalty was paid. If several persons provided the information, the amount shall be divided among the persons. No officer or employee of the United States or of any State or local government who furnishes information or renders service in the performance of his official duties shall be eligible for payment under this subsection.
- 22 (b) FORFEITURE.—All paleontological resources with 23 respect to which a violation under section 7 or 8 occurred 24 and which are in the possession of any person, and all 25 vehicles and equipment of any person that were used in

- 1 connection with the violation, shall be subject to civil for-
- 2 feiture, or upon conviction, to criminal forfeiture. All pro-
- 3 visions of law relating to the seizure, forfeiture, and con-
- 4 demnation of property for a violation of this Act, the dis-
- 5 position of such property or the proceeds from the sale
- 6 thereof, and remission or mitigation of such forfeiture, as
- 7 well as the procedural provisions of chapter 46 of title 18,
- 8 United States Code, shall apply to the seizures and forfeit-
- 9 ures incurred or alleged to have incurred under the provi-
- 10 sions of this Act.
- 11 (c) Transfer of Seized Resources.—The Sec-
- 12 retary may transfer administration of seized paleontolog-
- 13 ical resources to Federal or non-Federal educational insti-
- 14 tutions to be used for scientific or educational purposes.
- 15 SEC. 10. CONFIDENTIALITY.
- 16 Information concerning the nature and specific loca-
- 17 tion of a paleontological resource the collection of which
- 18 requires a permit under this Act or under any other provi-
- 19 sion of Federal law shall be exempt from disclosure under
- 20 section 552 of title 5, United States Code, and any other
- 21 law unless the Secretary determines that disclosure
- 22 would—
- 23 (1) further the purposes of this Act;

- 1 (2) not create risk of harm to or theft or de-2 struction of the resource or the site containing the 3 resource; and
- 4 (3) be in accordance with other applicable laws.

5 SEC. 11. REGULATIONS.

- 6 As soon as practical after the date of the enactment
- 7 of this Act, the Secretary shall issue such regulations as
- 8 are appropriate to carry out this Act, providing opportuni-
- 9 ties for public notice and comment.

10 SEC. 12. SAVINGS PROVISIONS.

- Nothing in this Act shall be construed to—
- 12 (1) invalidate, modify, or impose any additional
- restrictions or permitting requirements on any ac-
- tivities permitted at any time under the general min-
- ing laws, the mineral or geothermal leasing laws,
- laws providing for minerals materials disposal, or
- laws providing for the management or regulation of
- the activities authorized by the aforementioned laws
- including but not limited to the Federal Land Policy
- 20 Management Act (43 U.S.C. 1701–1784), Public
- Law 94–429 (commonly known as the "Mining in
- 22 the Parks Act") (16 U.S.C. 1901 et seq.), the Sur-
- face Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977
- 24 (30 U.S.C. 1201–1358), and the Organic Adminis-
- 25 tration Act (16 U.S.C. 478, 482, 551);

- 1 (2) invalidate, modify, or impose any additional 2 restrictions or permitting requirements on any ac-3 tivities permitted at any time under existing laws 4 and authorities relating to reclamation and multiple 5 uses of Federal lands;
 - (3) apply to, or require a permit for, casual collecting of a rock, mineral, or invertebrate or plant fossil that is not protected under this Act;
 - (4) affect any lands other than Federal lands or affect the lawful recovery, collection, or sale of paleontological resources from lands other than Federal lands;
 - (5) alter or diminish the authority of a Federal agency under any other law to provide protection for paleontological resources on Federal lands in addition to the protection provided under this Act; or
 - (6) create any right, privilege, benefit, or entitlement for any person who is not an officer or employee of the United States acting in that capacity. No person who is not an officer or employee of the United States acting in that capacity shall have standing to file any civil action in a court of the United States to enforce any provision or amendment made by this Act.

1 SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 3 as may be necessary to carry out this Act.

Passed the Senate July 26, 2005.

Attest: EMILY J. REYNOLDS,

Secretary.